

## UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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APPLICATION NO	HUNG DATI	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKETNO	CONFIRMATION NO	
09 721,212	11 21 2000	William J. Boyle	A-451K	2270	
21069 =	(590 03 22 2002				
AMGEN INCORPORATED MAIL STOP 27-4-A ONE AMGEN CENTER DRIVE			EXAMINER		
			SCHWADRON, RONALD B		
THOUSAND (	OAKS, CA 91320-1799		ARTUNII	PAPER NUMBER	
			1644	<u>'</u>	
			DATE MAILED: 03/22/2002	×	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No.

Applicant(s)

09/721,212

Boyle

Examiner

Ron Schwadron

Art Unit 1644



		1 .		I I	11				
	The MAILING DATE of this communic	ation appears on the co	over sheet w	ith the corres					
Period	for Reply								
	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA		IRE1	MONTH	(S) FROM				
- Exte	ensions of time may be available under the pro fter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of	visions of 37 CFR 1.136	(a). In no eve	ent, however, n	nay a reply be timel	y filed			
- If th	e period for reply specified above is less than		vithin the stat	utory minimum	of thirty (30) days	will			
	e considered timely. O period for reply is specified above, the maxir	num statutory period will	apply and w	ill expire SIX (6	) MONTHS from the	e mailing date of th			
	ommunication. are to reply within the set or extended period t	or reply will, by statute, o	cause the apr	lication to beco	ome ABANDONED ()	35 U.S.C. § 133)			
Any	reply received by the Office later than three named patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.	ionths after the mailing d							
Status		704(b).							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on				·			
2a)	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b	) This action is no	n-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispos	sition of Claims								
4) X	Claim(s) <u>1-42</u>			is/are	pending in the ap	pplication.			
	4a) Of the above, claim(s)			is/are	withdrawn from	consideration.			
5)	Claim(s)			i	s/are allowed.				
6)	Claim(s)		**	i	s/are rejected.				
7)	Claim(s)			i	s/are objected to	ı <b>.</b>			
8) 🗶	Claims 1-42		are subj	ect to restrict	tion and/or election	on requirement.			
Applica	ation Papers								
9)	The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.							
10)	The drawing(s) filed on	is/are objected	to by the	Examiner.					
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed	on	ıs: a)	approved i	disapproved	. –			
12}	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner.							
Priority	v under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
13)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim	for foreign priority un	der 35 U.S	.C. § 119(a)-	(d).				
<b>a</b> )	All b) Some* c) None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority do	cuments have been re	eceived.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority do								
	3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the Inter-	the priority documents	s have beer	received in	this National Stac	ge			

## Attachmentisi

- 15 Notice of Beterences Cited, PTO 892
- 18 Interview Summary, PTO 413, Paper No.s.
- 18 Not mand Craftispure is a Parint Crago ( Hu, u.g. 127 ) 416

Office Action Summary

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. § 121:
- I. Claims 1,2,4-14 are drawn to nucleic acids, and host cells containing said nucleic acids, classified in Class 435, subclasses 320.1, 240.2 and 252.3, and Class 536, subclass 23.5.
- II. Claim 15 is drawn to a process for producing a protein, classified in Class 435, subclass 69.1.
- III. Claims 3,16-24,32,33,37,38 are drawn to a polypeptide and composition, classified in Class 530, subclass 350 and Class 514, subclass 2.
  - IV. Claims 25,26 are drawn to an antibody, classified in Class 530, subclass 387.1.
- V. Claim 27 is drawn to a method of detection using an antibody, classified in Class 435, subclass 7.1.
- VI. Claim 28-30 are drawn to a method of detection using an OPG binding protein, classified in Class 436, subclass 501.
- VII. Claim 31 is drawn to a method of treatment using gene therapy, classified in Class 514, subclass 44.
- VIII. Claims 34 and 35 are drawn to a method of treatment with soluble OPG binding protein, classified in Class 424, subclass 178.1
- IX. Claims 34 and 36 are drawn to a method of treatment with an antibody, classified in Class 424, subclass 143.1.
- X. Claims 39-41 are drawn to a method of preventing bone disease with soluble ODAR, classified in Class 514, subclass 8.
- XI. Claim 42 is drawn to an in vitro assay using ODAR, classified in Class 435, subclass 7.2.
- 2. Inventions II and III are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the protein
- 3. Inventions I and VII are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be

shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (M.P.E.P. § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the product as claimed can be used in nucleic acid hybridization assays.

- 4. Inventions I and II are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (M.P.E.P. § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the product as claimed can be used in nucleic acid hybridization assays.
- 5. Inventions III and VI are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (M.P.E.P. § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the product as claimed can be used as an immunogen to produce antibodies which bind said molecule.
- 6. Inventions III and VIII are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (M.P.E.P. § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the product as claimed can be used as an immunogen to produce antibodies which bind said molecule.
- 7. Inventions IV and V are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the

s 800.05(h)). In the instant case, the product as claimed can be used as to immunopurity OPG binding protein.

- 8. Inventions IV and IX are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (M.P.E.P. § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the product as claimed can be used as to immunopurify OPG binding protein.
- 9. Inventions I,III,IV are different products. Proteins, antibodies and nucleic acids are distinct because they are structurally and functionally distinct and have different uses. The protein can be used in immunoassays to detect antibody, the antibody can be used in immunopurification methods, the nucleic acids can be used in nucleic acid hybridization assays. Therefore they are novel and unobvious in view of each other and are patentably distinct.
- 10. Inventions II,V-XI are different methods which use different ingredients to achieve different goals. Invention II is a method of producing a protein using recombinant DNA, while invention V is drawn to a method of detection using an antibody, while invention VI is drawn to a method of detection using an OPG binding protein, while invention VII is drawn to a method of treatment with soluble OPG binding protein, while invention IX is drawn to a method of treatment with an antibody. Inventions X is drawn to a method of preventing bone disease with soluble ODAR, while XI is drawn to an in vitro assay using ODAR, wherein said inventions use ODAR which is not used in the methods of inventions II, V-IX. Therefore they are novel and unobvious in view of each other and are patentably distinct.
- 11. Invention I is not used in the methods of inventions V/VI/IX-XI. Invention III is not used in the methods of inventions II/V/VII/IX/X. Invention IV is not used in the methods of inventions II/VI/VII/VIII/X/XI.

No have acquired a separate status in the art as snown by their different classification and divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper. Therefore

they are novel and unobvious in view of each other and are patentably distinct.

- 13. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a diligently-filed petition under 37 C.F.R. § 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(h).
- 14. Applicant is advised that the response to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed.
- 15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Dr. Ron Schwadron whose telephone number is (703) 308-4680. The examiner can normally be reached Tuesday through Friday from 8:30 to 6:00. The examiner can also be reached on alternative Mondays. A message may be left on the examiners voice mail service. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group 1600 receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

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Ron Schwadron, Ph.D. Primary Examiner Art Unit 1644